The Transition in Multi-Satellite Products from TRMM to GPM (TMPA to IMERG)

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The transition from the Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission (TRMM) data products to the Global Precipitation Measurement (GPM) mission products has begun. This document specifically addresses the multi-satellite products, namely the TRMM Multi-satellite Precipitation Analysis (TMPA), the real-time TMPA (TMPA-RT), and the Integrated Multi-satellite Retrievals for GPM (IMERG).

1. TRMM Status and Future

TRMM is out of fuel and slowly descending. As well, there were some battery issues. On 7 October 2014 the satellite descended to an altitude that precluded useful TRMM Precipitation Radar data, with a brief revival as TRMM descended past the original altitude of 350 km. Meanwhile, the TRMM Microwave Imager (TMI) continued to function with slowly changing characteristics until it was shut down on 8 April 2015 as part of the decommissioning, or "passivation" of the satellite. TRMM will re-enter the atmosphere in 2015, most likely in late June. The actual demise of TRMM is not the substantive issue for the TMPA and TMPA-RT.

2. TMPA Future

Starting with October 2014, the intercalibration of the passive microwave precipitation estimates had to change for production 3B42, and this created at least a slight inhomogeneity, primarily over the oceans. We already know that calibrations involving PR have a different interannual behavior than calibrations based solely on passive microwave. In addition, as a legacy product, shifts in input data, such as new algorithms, might make continuation of 3B42 problematic faster than we want. The NOAA MSPPS sounder data are a particular flash point. If the character of the 3B42 changes too much, we could face a discussion within the project about whether this "research-quality" product really isn't anymore. Nonetheless, we hope that 3B42 will run in parallel with IMERG until the mid-2017 timeframe. [Note that this is a year later than previously stated; see the IMERG timeline, below.]

3. TMPA-RT Future

Meanwhile, the 3B42RT system was already computed with a climatological intercalibration for the passive microwave precipitation estimates (i.e., they are not calibrated with current data), so 3B40RT, 3B41RT, and 3B42RT continue to function as they have. As with 3B42, 3B42RT's status as a legacy product means that shifts in input data might make continuation problematic faster than we want. We recognize the application focus for 3B42RT, and expect to run it until the equivalent IMERG products are satisfactory. We devoutly hope that this will be the case by mid-2017 (again, a year later than stated in earlier versions of this document). We suppose that some users will want the old product forever, but at some point we have to stop. Even with continuation, note the caveat above that future changes in input data sets for the constellation members could affect the amount of microwave data.

4. IMERG Timeline

- The Day-1 IMERG Final Run data sets (for the GPM era, mid-March 2014 to the present, delayed about 3 months) were released in late December 2014.
- The IMERG Late Run data sets begin 7 March 2015, while the Early Run start 1 April 2015.
- The first retrospectively processed GPM-era IMERG data sets are planned to be released in early 2016. In a change from previous plans, additional work is required to fully calibrate the TMI to the GMI. As a result, it is likely that the extension of IMERG back to the TRMM era will happen in early 2017. The goal is to start at the beginning of 1998, but at the present the appropriate geo-infrared data are not available before mid-February 2000. This issue affects all runs, including the Final, and it's being worked.

Given the sea change in algorithms in GPM, the current plan is to use the retrospective processing for IMERG in place of a final (TRMM Version 8) reprocessing for the TMPA/TMPA-RT.

5. Further Information

The IMERG Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) is currently the best technical reference for IMERG. It is accessible at

http://pmm.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/document_files/TMPA-to-IMERG_transition.pdf

The technical document is located at

http://pmm.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/document_files/IMERG_doc.pdf

The PMM web site

http://pmm.nasa.gov/

is the right general source for news, and its IMERG data access page contains hot links to the latest versions of these documents, as well as release notes. Specific IMERG announcements will be posted to the IMERG mailing list, and you're always free to ask if you think we're too quiet or you hear a rumor. If you wish to be added to the TMPA and/or IMERG mailing lists, please e-mail

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Together with all GPM and TRMM data sets, IMERG data set locations are posted on the consolidated GPM data access pages, available through

http://pmm.nasa.gov/data-access

The best place to ask questions (because they go to more than one person), is the "contact us" link at thee bottom of the GPM web page

http://pmm.nasa.gov/contact?edit[cid]=3

Finally, the GPM Applications Workshop held in November 2013 proved very useful for exchanging information and feedback to users and developers alike. Another workshop is being planned for 8-10 June 2015, in College Park, Maryland. It is being publicized on the GPM web

page as we nail down the details. In the first workshop we provided a measure of web access, and we hope to provide this again for those who can't attend.